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Atlanta-Gruppe

Kompetenz rund um die Frucht

PROGNOSFRUIT 2008

Ashford (Kent), August 8, 2008

MRLs and Active Substances

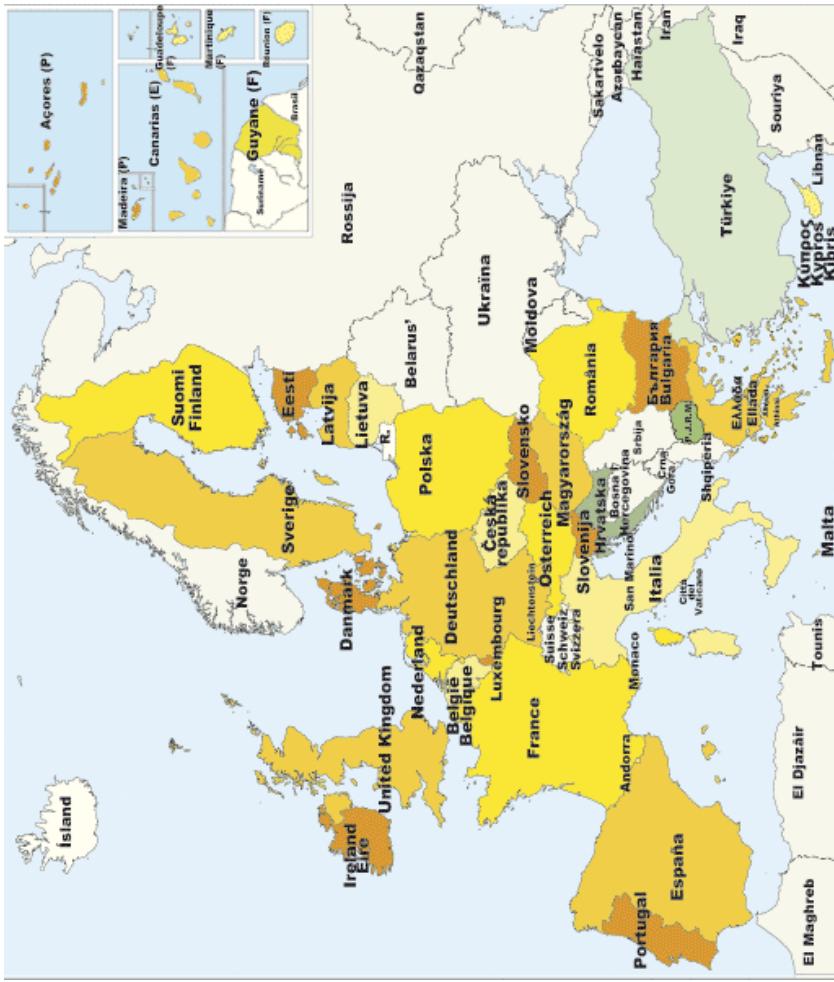
Legislation and Implications

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Current MRL Legislation (before September 1, 2008)



27 Member States

EC directives only

MRLs are subject to
Member States' legislation

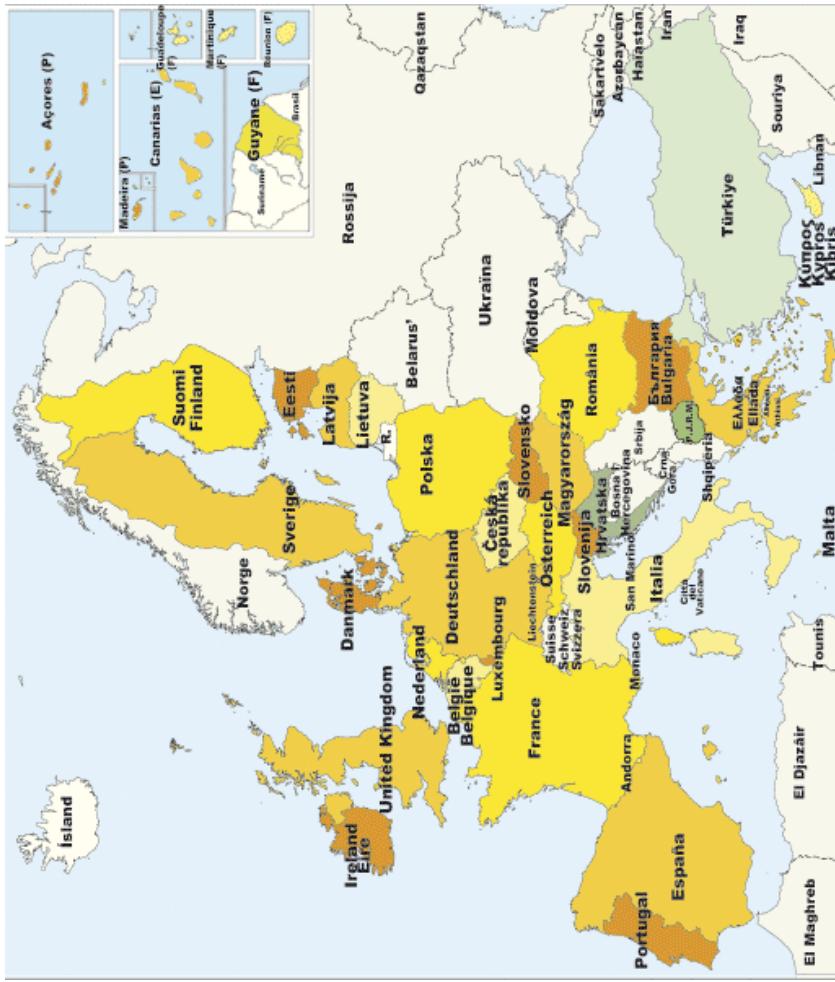
Legal systems are not
compatible

No automatic approval

Trade barriers (lawful?)

Future MRL Legislation (as of September 1, 2008)

27 Member States
One harmonised MRL
legislation





Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

- One structured general list of crops (*Annex I*)
- MRLs as already set by EC Directives (*Annex II*)
- MRLs collected from Member States' Law (*Annex IIIA*)
- MRLs for new crops, honey, tea, infusions (*Annex IIIB*)
- List of substances that do not need MRLs (*Annex IV*)

Annexes II, III and IV issued in the OJ of March 1, 2008

Regulation in force as per September 1, 2008



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

- National residue law is becoming obsolete
- No longer problems with German MRL system
- Less problems for third country suppliers

Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

New Problems:

- Several substances are not yet listed
- No current risk assessment for Annex II substances
- Some Annex III MRLs differ from former rules
- Public perception (NGOs)
- Retailers' specifications (German situation)
- Transitional period ?

Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Transitional Measures (Regulation 396/2005, art. 49)

„The requirements of Chapter III shall not apply to products lawfully produced or imported into the Community before“ (September 1, 2008)

„produced“ == „cultivated“ or „harvested“ ?



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Transitional Measures (Regulation 396/2005, art. 49)

„produced“ == „cultivated“ or „harvested“ ?

EU Commission paper says „harvested“

German ministry refers to 6 months‘ transitional period



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Transitional Measures (Regulation 396/2005, art. 49)

**Produce should comply with new MRLs, if harvested
after September 1, 2008**

Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Public Perception

NGOs like German Greenpeace branch say

- **that consumer protection is being sacrificed**
- **that most MRLs are being raised**



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Public Perception

Factually, consumer protection on an EC level has never been better than today

Factually, most MRLs do not change (in Germany):

Annex II MRLs have already been in force before

MRLs were applicable via „Allgemeinverfuegungen“



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Annex II MRLs

- were checked and approved in the nineties
- do not reflect ARfD issues properly



ARfD Exceedances at MRL Level

Incompatible MRL's - Pome Fruit

Substance	MRL	ARfD	ARfD (HR) in %
Formetanat	1,00 mg/kg	0,0050 mg/kg BW	2035,4
Imazalil	5,00 mg/kg	0,0500 mg/kg BW	1017,7
Methomyl	0,20 mg/kg	0,0025 mg/kg BW	814,2
Fentin	0,05 mg/kg	0,0010 mg/kg BW	508,9
Fluquinconazol	1,00 mg/kg	0,0200 mg/kg BW	508,9
Pyrazophos	0,05 mg/kg	0,0010 mg/kg BW	508,9
Phosmet	2,00 mg/kg	0,0450 mg/kg BW	452,3
Flusilazol	0,20 mg/kg	0,0050 mg/kg BW	407,1
Azafenidin	0,01 mg/kg	0,0004 mg/kg BW	254,4
Dinocap	0,10 mg/kg	0,0040 mg/kg BW	254,4
Fenpyroximat	0,50 mg/kg	0,0200 mg/kg BW	254,4

Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

Annex II MRLs

- were checked and approved in the nineties
- do not reflect ARfD issues properly

Annex II substances will have to be re-checked



Regulation (EC) no. 396/2005

German Retailers' Specifications

- max. 70% of legal MRL per substance (Lidl: one third)
- max. 70% of ARfD per substance
- max. 80% of cumulated MRL percentages (Aldi)
- max. 80% of cumulated ARfD percentages (Aldi)
- max. 3-5 detectable substances (Aldi)

will be transferred to EC MRL legislation



Things to come ...



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

Commission proposal for „cut off“ criteria:

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic

POP persistent organic pollutant

PBT persistent, bio-accumulating, toxic

vPvB very persistent, very bio-accumulating
endocrine disruptor



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

Commission proposal for „cut off“ criteria:

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Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

Commission proposal for „cut off“ criteria:

According to PSD report

6 to 10 % of insecticides

8 to 31 % of fungicides

4 to 10 % of herbicides

will not be re-approved



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

EP Amendment to Commission Proposal:

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic

POP persistent organic pollutant

PBT persistent, bio-accumulating, toxic

vPvB very persistent, very bio-accumulating
endocrine disruptor

hazard quotient for bees

neurotoxic or immunotoxic



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

According to PSD,

65 % of insecticides

31 to 43 % of fungicides

25 to 31 % of herbicides

could fail re-approval under EP criteria

Possible overall loss of active substances: 82 %



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

German Agency for Consumer Protection and Food Safety (BVL):

Einfluss der Cut-off-Kriterien des EP auf die Verfügbarkeit von Wirkstoffen



Ca. 90 % der Insektizide sind betroffen!



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

Impacts for producers (according to PSD report)

- no substance change possible (GAP)
- no specific agent against several pests
- no appropriate protection for minor crops
- severe crop yield losses
- severe losses in food quality
- medium and long-term resistances



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

PSD Conclusions

- EP does not consider world-wide production shortfall
- Retail customers demand maximum food quality
- impact on agricultural production is not assessed
- social impacts are not assessed



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

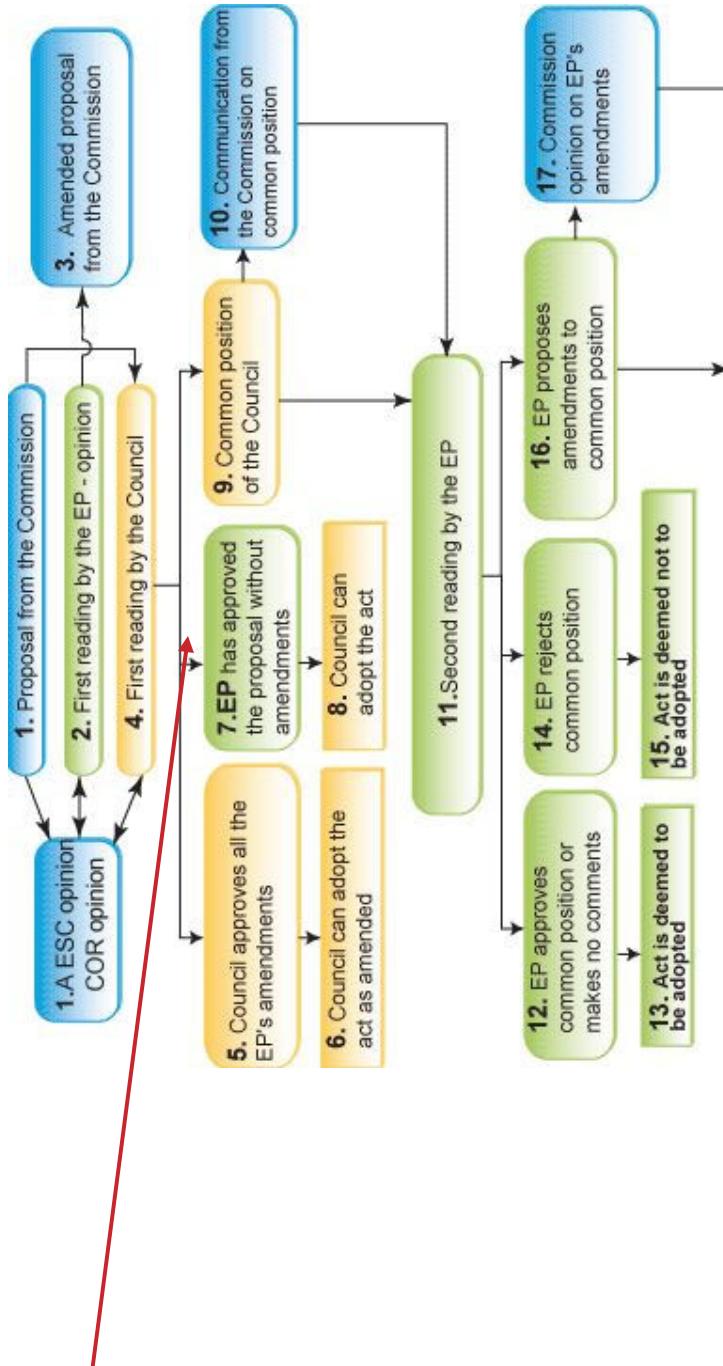
Argumentation risks:

- No approval in other Member States
- Former risk assessment is out-dated
- Producers's problems are no issue for NGOs



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

Where are we ?



Directive 91/414/EEC Revision

First EP reading has taken place

Council will have to set up „Common position“

EP will have to consider Council's arguments

Second reading in EP

Conciliation Committee, if approval fails

It's not too late to provide politicians with information



Thank you for your attention !